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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/572,752	03/21/2006	Syuuji Nakamura	27304U	3327
20529 THE NATH I	20529 7590 11/26/2008 THE NATH LAW GROUP		EXAMINER	
112 South West Street			CHANG, JENNIFER F	
Alexandria, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2821	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/26/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/572,752 NAKAMURA ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit JENNIFER F. CHANG 2821 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 October 2008. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 21 March 2006 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Imformation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTC/G5/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date ______.

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application

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DETAILED ACTION

 Amendment B received on September 9, 2008 has been entered into the record per the Request for Continued Examination filed October 29, 2008.

Claims 1-10 are pending.

Response to Arguments

- 3. Rejections under 35 U.S.C. 112, 1st Paragraph are withdrawn.
- 4. Applicant's arguments, see pages 7-9, filed September 9, 2008, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1, 4, 6, and 10 under 102(b) have been fully considered and are persuasive. The examiner agrees with the applicant's remarks that the wiring layer of claims 1 and 6 cannot be reasonably construed as the core winding or coil portion in Maruyama as stated in the final office action. Claims 1 and 6 further comprise an insulation covered conductor wound around the core, which would be more appropriately associated with the coil portion of Maruyama and cannot also be mapped to a wiring layer. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Maruyama in view of Meijia.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all
obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made. Application/Control Number: 10/572,752 Art Unit: 2821

- Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Maruyama (US 2003/0184489) in view of Mejia (US 6,400,338).
- As to claim 1, Maruyama teaches an embedded door handle antenna comprising a door handle ("door handle." 100041).

an antenna embedded in the door handle ("antenna ... inside of a door or a door handle," [0004]), the embedded antenna having a core ("core portion," [0009]) around which an insulation covered conductor is wound ("insulated coating conductive coil," [0030]), wherein

the magnetic core contains a flexible magnetic body ("plurality of magnetic ribbons," [0009]) made of soft material ("amorphous material," [0013], "soft magnetic characteristic," [0035]).

Maruyama does not teach the magnetic core and a wiring layer which are laminated on each other. Mejia teaches an embedded antenna having a core (12, Fig. 9A) around which an insulation covered conductor (22, Fig. 9A) is wound, wherein the core comprises a magnetic core ("ferrite," col. 5, line 24) and a wiring layer ("metallization layers," col. 5, lines 7-9, 26, Fig. 9A) which are laminated to each other.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the antenna module of Maruyama by providing a wiring layer directly on the magnetic core body as taught by Mejia so that an additional separate printed circuit board is not necessary, thus simplifying assembly and miniaturizing the antenna module.

As to claim 6, Maruyama teaches an embedded door handle antenna, comprising: a door handle having a hollow portion therein ("door handle," [0004]); Application/Control Number: 10/572,752 Art Unit: 2821

an antenna embedded within the hollow portion of the door handle ("antenna... inside of a door or a door handle," [0004]),

the embedded antenna comprising a flexible magnetic core ("core portion," [0009]) containing a flexible magnetic body ("plurality of magnetic ribbons," [0009]) made of soft material ("amorphous metal," [0013], "soft magnetic characteristic," [0035]), around which an insulation covered conductor is wound ("insulated coating conductive coil," [0030]); and

a connector attached to one end of the embedded antenna ("terminal electrodes," [0030]), the connector facilitating connection of the embedded antenna to a power circuit ("condenser," i.e. a capacitor which can store energy, [0030]), wherein

the embedded antenna is energized by an action of at least one of request switch ("when it receives an ID code from the electric key, the system unlocks," [0003]) and a proximity of a keyless entry component ("when a person with an electric key approaches to the opening and closing portion, the system becomes a reception standby mode," [0003]).

Maruyama does not teach the flexible magnetic body laminated to a wiring layer. Mejia teaches a wiring layer ("metallization layers," 26, Fig. 9A) laminated to the magnetic core (12, Fig. 9A) of an antenna. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the antenna module of Maruyama by providing a wiring layer directly on the magnetic core body as taught by Mejia so that an additional separate printed circuit board is not necessary, thus simplifying assembly and miniaturizing the antenna module.

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As to claims 2 and 7, Mejia teaches the wiring layer is a printed circuit board (a printed circuit board is understood as a mechanical support for electronic components that provides conductive paths to electrically connect the components).

As to claims 3 and 8, Mejia teaches the core is provided with an extending portion (18, Fig. 9A) which outwardly extends from a coiled section (16, Fig. 9A) around which the insulation covered conductor is wound, and an electronic component (14, 28, Fig. 9A) is mounted on the extending portion.

As to claim 4 and 10, Mejia teaches an electricity control section ("integrated circuits," col. 6, lines 1-21, 14, Fig. 9A) which permits and prohibits energizing the wiring layer depending upon an operation state of the embedded antenna.

As to claims 5 and 9, Mejia in view of Maruyama teach the embedded antenna substantially as claimed as applied to claim 3 above, but fails to teach the electronic component is a light emitting diode. Light emitting components are well known in the electrical art, and one of ordinary skill in the art could have added an LED to the antenna module of Mejia without departing from the scope of the invention. One of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to add and LED to the antenna module to provide a visual cue for indicating the state of the antenna system. Such a modification would provide no change in the function of the antenna module, and the combination would have yielded predictable results to one of ordinary skill in the art.

Prior Art Made of Record

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to the application:

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a. Tessier (US 2002/0113747) discloses an antenna coil wound around a

printed circuit board.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to JENNIFER F. CHANG whose telephone number is (571)

270-3831. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:00am - 4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Douglas Owens can be reached on (571) 272-1662. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

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Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO

Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call

800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/JENNIFER F CHANG/

Examiner, Art Unit 2821

/Douglas W Owens/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2821

November 21, 2008

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